



Quick Order Of Events:

1. Clean the surface and dry
2. Align and firmly anchor decal with masking tape. Position temporary alignment marks (if required)
3. Lightly spray target area with application solution (if required, see later)
4. Remove small section of backing
5. Align
6. Apply.
7. Repeat steps 5, 6 and 7.
8. With mask still in place, work over entire decal pushing out final airbubbles
9. Carefully remove mask and alignment marks.

Tips:

- Take your time. The biggest killer of decals is a rushed install.
- Several layers of masking tape built up and over the edge of a credit-card makes an excellent squeegee.
- Make sure the install surface is clean and free of dust..
 - Wash with a mild soap if necessary.
 - Do not use any product containing natural citrus power, or ammonia. Both will dissolve the adhesive on the decal.
- Use lots of masking tape to anchor the decal in place. If the decal slips while installing you can cause wrinkles, bubbles, misalignment and for the sake of a few cents of tape you'll have ruined your installation.
- Anchor with tape on the shortest side and thus work away from the anchor.
- Once the decal is anchored, use masking tape or some form of removable mark to make alignment marks at regular intervals along a long (more than 1ft) install path.
 - Place the tape tight up against the edge of the decal before you begin installation.
 - Fix the tape firmly to the install surface.
- As you install the decal, maintain tension on the decal and flip it back and forth to align with the pieces of tape to ensure you're on track.
- Don't allow the marks to encroach under the decal, otherwise you might accidentally install over the top.
- For large, solid decals spray the area lightly with a syrupy solution of water and liquid soap. This will allow for easier positioning and will help prevent air bubbles. See above notes on ammonia and citrus power.
- Small air-bubbles will percolate out over time.
 - Larger bubbles can be pricked with a pin at the base of the bubble, and then the air gently squeezed out.
 - Do not try to squash an air-bubble from the middle - you'll create many more smaller bubbles.
 - Work from the edge of the bubble towards the pin-hole. GENTLY. If you don't work gently you'll stretch and subsequently crease the material.
- Do not slice an airbubble with a knife. The gash will open up substantially over time.